



General Sowing and Care Instructions

*The seeds you buy in our shop are always fresh and highest quality.
Only choose seeds for which you can provide ideal environment for them to grow (light, temperature, moisture, etc.)*

Some seeds require special preparations like stratification (cold germination) or scarification (opening the seed shell and skin). Breed specific and detailed instructions you can find on our website, on the according sites of the products themselves. This is general sowing and care instructions that apply to most of our seeds.

Feel free to contact us in case you can't find the according instructions on the sites of the products.

Many seeds' growth is encouraged by soaking them in lukewarm water over night or even for 24 hours before sowing.

Make sure to sow in the right season and time of the year.

Special soil for sowing is best suited, otherwise use soil mixed from earth and sand, to create good airflow and soil that dries quickly.

As container you should use planting pots with holes at the bottom to make sure no water stays in the pot. Soil should be moist, not soaked with water or root rot might start to happen.

When sowing your seeds, you should make sure to only lightly cover your seeds with soil (unless specific instructions require more depth), make sure to bury your seeds about their own thickness or twice their thickness deep in the soil. Between the seeds you should keep some space so the plants can grow roots.

The soil should be kept moist, best with light mist from squirt bottles to not move the seeds in the soil. They should be located in a light environment because most seeds require especially much light (specifically, darkness can be required instead). Most plants like room temperatures between 15 and 25°C best to grow, otherwise see the specific instructions.

Regularly check your sowings for mold or fungal diseases. If required, air out the container and soil well, or treat the soil with fungicide.

When the young plants have two to three leaves and grow steadier, you can replant them into bigger pots or outside with fresh soil. For that, carefully remove the plant, leaving behind as much old soil as possible. The new soil should carefully be kept moist, too.

After four to six weeks you can use weak liquid fertilizer to promote faster growth. Keep the young plants in stable temperatures as before, take them inside overnight in case of cold nights.

When your plants grow strong and there is no risk of frostbite anymore, you can permanently put them into bigger pots or outside.

Continue with the mindful watering and occasionally fertilize the soil, monitor your plant's growth and watch it for signs of infections, diseases and pests and take measures as required.

You should plant flower bulbs quickly, or store them cool and dry, for example in the vegetable drawer of your fridge.

Most plants growing from bulbs prefer open and sunny locations in your garden. Important is always a loose, easily drying and nutrient rich soil. High levels of moisture can easily cause root rot.

Tulips are especially sensitive. Sand in your soil or at the bottom of your planting area can help against too moist soil.

The bulbs should be buried in the soil about twice as deep as their own thickness. Leave one to two hands width between them so the plants have room to grow roots.

Keep the soil moist as soon as the first leaves show from the soil.

Once planted, bulb-plants cause much less work than most other plants.

Good luck and have fun planting!

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